(Note: Content area on this page may be wider than usual.)

## CANSI M - Results

Table 105-40331,2,3,4
Leisure-time physical activity, by sex, household population aged 12 and over, Canada, provinces and territories, occasional

## Survey or program details:

Canadian Community Health Survey - 3226
National Population Health Survey - Household Component - Cross-sectional - 3236
National Population Health Survey - North Component - 5004

| Geography | Sex | Leisuretime physical activity ${ }^{2,3}$ | Characteristics ${ }^{4,5,6,7,8,11}$ | 1994/ 1995 | 1996/ 1997 | 1998/ 1999 | 2000/2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yukon | Both sexes | Total population for the variable leisure-time physical activity | Number of persons | 20,759 | 22,408 | 21,826 | 24,937 | 24,946 | 27,188 | 26,835 |
|  |  |  | Percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  |  | Leisuretime physically active or moderately active | Number of persons | 10,710 | 11,740 | 13,018 | 14,426 | 14,862 | 15,668 | 14,869 |
|  |  |  | Percent | 51.6 | 52.4 | 59.6 | 57.8 | 59.6 | 57.6 | 55.4 |
|  |  | Leisuretime physically active | Number of persons | 5,666 | 5,914 | 7,526 | 8,453 | 8,806 | 8,341 | 7,571 |
|  |  |  | Percent | 27.3 | 26.4 | 34.5 | 33.9 | 35.3 | 30.7 | 28.2 |
|  |  | Leisuretime moderately physically active | Number of persons | 5,043 | 5,826 | 5,492 | 5,973 | 6,056 | 7,327 | 7,298 |
|  |  |  | Percent | 24.3 | 26.0 | 25.2 | 24.0 | 24.3 | 27.0 | 27.2 |
|  |  | Leisuretime physically inactive | Number of persons | 10,027 | 10,588 | 8,336 | 8,109 | 9,404 | 11,102 | 11,555 |
|  |  |  | Percent | 48.3 | 47.3 | 38.2 | 32.5 | 37.7 | 40.8 | 43.1 |
|  |  | Leisuretime physical activity, not stated | Number of persons | F | F | $472{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 2,403 | $680^{\text {E }}$ | F | F |
|  |  |  | Percent | F | F | $2.2{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 9.6 | $2.7{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F |
|  |  Total <br> population <br> for the <br> variable <br> leisure-time <br> physical <br> activity |  | Number of persons | 10,832 | 11,625 | 11,252 | 12,672 | 12,450 | 13,664 | 13,542 |
|  |  |  | Percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  |  | Leisuretime physically active or moderately active | Number of persons | 5,906 | 6,592 | 6,921 | 7,531 | 7,430 | 8,222 | 7,494 |
|  |  |  | Percent | 54.5 | 56.7 | 61.5 | 59.4 | 59.7 | 60.2 | 55.3 |
|  |  | Leisuretime physically | Number of persons | 3,364 | 3,746 | 4,136 | 4,759 | 4,841 | 4,180 | 4,199 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



|  |  | inactive | Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | F | F | F | 4,495 | $869{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F |
|  |  | activity, not stated | Percent | F | F | F | 13.8 | $2.6{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F |
|  |  | Total population for the | Number of persons | 14,692 | 15,880 | 16,040 | 16,846 | 17,262 | 18,070 | 17,478 |
|  |  | leisure-time physical activity | Percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | 7,431 | 8,853 | 11,033 | 6,261 | 9,287 | 9,438 | 8,648 |
|  |  | active or moderately active | Percent | 50.6 | 55.7 | 68.8 | 37.2 | 53.8 | 52.2 | 49.5 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | 4,398 | 4,704 ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | 7,951 | 3,108 | 6,217 | 4,341 | 5,068 |
|  | Males | physically active | Percent | 29.9 | $29.6{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 49.6 | 18.4 | 36.0 | 24.0 | 29.0 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | $3,032{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 4,149 | 3,082 | 3,153 | 3,070 | 5,097 | 3,581 |
|  |  | moderately physically active | Percent | $20.6{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 26.1 | 19.2 | 18.7 | 17.8 | 28.2 | 20.5 |
|  |  | Leisure- | Number of persons | 7,261 | 6,543 | 5,008 | 7,631 | 7,282 | 8,103 | 8,004 |
|  |  | physically inactive | Percent | 49.4 | 41.2 | 31.2 | 45.3 | 42.2 | 44.8 | 45.8 |
| Northwest |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | F | F | F | 2,954 | $693{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F |
|  |  | activity, not stated | Percent | F | F | F | 17.5 | $4.0{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F |
|  |  | Total population for the | Number of persons | 13,536 | 14,464 | 14,726 | 15,650 | 15,966 | 16,594 | 16,353 |
|  |  | variable leisure-time physical activity | Percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | 5,871 | 4,941 | 8,788 | 6,219 | 8,443 | 8,068 | 8,040 |
|  |  | active or moderately active | Percent | 43.4 | 34.2 | 59.7 | 39.7 | 52.9 | 48.6 | 49.2 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | 3,784 | $2,317{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 4,804 | 2,895 | 4,827 | 4,096 | 3,890 |
|  | Females | physically active | Percent | 28.0 | $16.0{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 32.6 | 18.5 | 30.2 | 24.7 | 23.8 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | 2,087 | 2,623 ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | 3,984 | 3,324 | 3,616 | 3,972 | 4,150 |
|  |  | physically active | Percent | 15.4 | $18.1{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 27.1 | 21.2 | 22.6 | 23.9 | 25.4 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | 7,665 | 9,236 | 5,916 | 7,889 | 7,347 | 8,297 | 8,266 |
|  |  | physically inactive | Percent | 56.6 | 63.9 | 40.2 | 50.4 | 46.0 | 50.0 | 50.5 |
|  |  | Leisuretime | Number of persons | F | F | F | 1,542 ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F | F |
|  |  | activity, not stated | Percent | F | F | F | $9.9{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F | F |
|  |  | Total population for the | Number of persons | 16,241 | 16,390 | 16,520 | 19,494 | 13,743 | 14,948 | 15,393 |



| Females | active |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Leisuretime physically active | Number of persons | $464{ }^{\text {E }}$ | $666^{\text {E }}$ | 1,577 | 1,495 | 908 | 1,734 | 1,279 ${ }^{\text {E }}$ |
|  |  | Percent | $6.0^{\text {E }}$ | $8.7{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 20.3 | 16.1 | 13.4 | 23.7 | $17.0{ }^{\text {E }}$ |
|  | Leisuretime moderately physically active | Number of persons | $816{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | 1,877 | 2,068 | $1,563{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 1,569 | $1,435^{\mathrm{E}}$ |
|  |  | Percent | $10.5^{\text {E }}$ | F | 24.1 | 22.3 | $23.1{ }^{\text {E }}$ | 21.4 | $19.0{ }^{\text {E }}$ |
|  | Leisuretime physically inactive | Number of persons | 6,508 | 6,019 | 4,324 | 4,739 | 4,168 | 3,938 | 4,371 |
|  |  | Percent | 83.6 | 78.5 | 55.6 | 51.1 | 61.6 | 53.8 | 57.9 |
|  | Leisure- <br> time <br> physical <br> activity, not <br> stated | Number of persons | F | F | F | $973{ }^{\text {E }}$ | F | F | F |
|  |  | Percent | F | F | F | $10.5^{\text {E }}$ | F | F | F |

## Symbol legend:

E Use with caution
F Too unreliable to be published

## Footnotes:

1. Sources: Statistics Canada, Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS), 2000/2001, 2003, 2005 and 2007; National Population Health Survey (NPHS), 1994/1995, 1996/1997 and 1998/1999, cross sectional sample, health file (household component); National Population Health Survey (NPHS), 1994/1995 and 1996/1997, cross sectional sample, health file (North component)
2. Population aged 12 and over reporting level of physical activity, based on their responses to questions about the frequency, duration and intensity of their participation in leisure-time physical activity.
3. Respondents are classified as active, moderately active or inactive based on an index of average daily physical activity over the past 3 months. For each leisure time physical activity engaged in by the respondent, an average daily energy expenditure is calculated by multiplying the number of times the activity was performed by the average duration of the activity by the energy cost (kilocalories per kilogram of body weight per hour) of the activity. The index is calculated as the sum of the average daily energy expenditures of all activities. Respondents are classified as follows with regards to physical activity: $3.0 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{kg} /$ day or more $=$ active; 1.5 to $2.9 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{day}=$ moderately active; less than $1.5 \mathrm{kcal} / \mathrm{kg} /$ day $=$ inactive.
4. Rates are age-standardized using the direct method and the 1991 Canadian Census population structure. The use of a standard population results in more meaningful comparisons because it adjusts for variations in population age distributions over time and across geographic areas.
5. When comparing estimates, it is important to use confidence intervals to determine if differences between values are statistically significant. Confidence intervals describe sampling variability and give an indication of the precision of a given estimate. Bootstrapping techniques were used to produce the coefficient of variation (CV) and 95\% confidence intervals (Cls).
6. Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from $16.6 \%$ to $33.3 \%$ are identified as follows: (E) use with caution.
7. Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than $33.3 \%$ were suppressed due to extreme sampling variability and are identified as follows: (F) too unreliable to be published.
8. Currently produced National Population Health Survey (NPHS) data (cross sectional sample, health file, household component) make use of new coordinated bootstrap weights, and as a result confidence intervals (CI) and coefficient of variations (CV) may differ from values previously published.
9. Nunavut and the Northwest Territories (excluding Nunavut) came into existence on April 1, 1999. To facilitate comparisons, data presented in this table for the Northwest Territories reflect the current boundaries, showing the Northwest Territories and Nunavut as separate regions.
10. The following standard symbols are used in this Statistics Canada table: (..) for figures not available for a specific reference period and (...) for figures not applicable.

Source: Statistics Canada. Table 105-4033 - Leisure-time physical activity, by sex, household population aged 12 and over, Canada, provinces and territories, occasional, CANSIM (database).
http://cansim2.statcan.ca/cgi-win/cnsmcgi.exe?
Lang=E\& CANSIMFile=CII\CII_1_E.htm\& RootDir=CII/
(accessed: October 20, 2008)

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